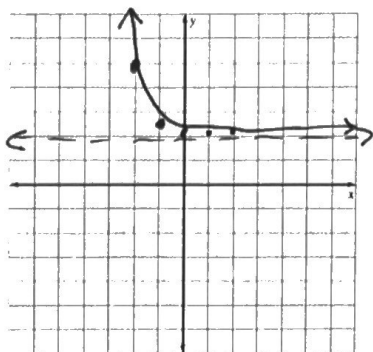


(1-6) Graph the function. State the domain and range and draw the asymptote.

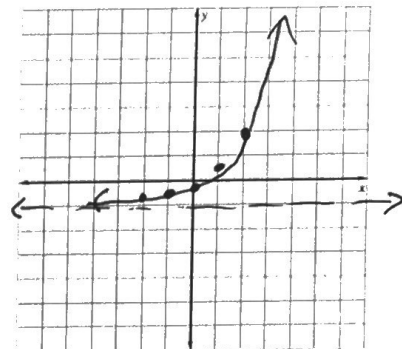
1. $y = 3\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{x+2} + 2$

2. $y = 3 \cdot 2^{x-2} - 1$

x	y
-2	5
-1	2.75
0	2.19
1	2.05
2	2.01



x	y
-2	-0.81
-1	-0.63
0	-0.25
1	0.5
2	2



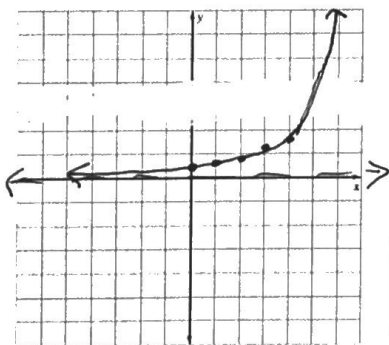
Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y > 2$

Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y > -1$

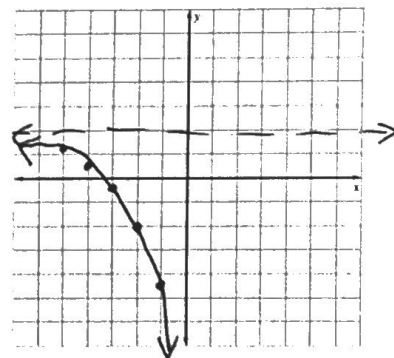
3. $y = 2e^{0.3(x-5)}$

4. $y = -4e^{0.5(x+2)} + 2$

x	y
0	0.44
1	0.60
2	0.81
3	1.10
4	1.48



x	y
-5	1.10
-4	0.52
-3	-0.42
-2	-2
-1	-4.59



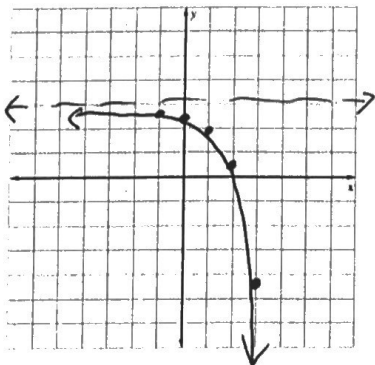
Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y > 0$

Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y < 2$

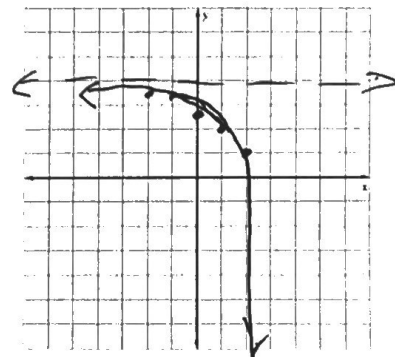
5. $y = 3 - e^{x-1} \leftrightarrow y = -e^{x-1} + 3$

6. $y = -2 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^{x-1} + 4$

x	y
-1	2.86
0	2.63
1	2
2	0.28
3	-4.39



x	y
-2	3.41
-1	3.11
0	2.67
1	2
2	1



Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y < 3$

Domain: \mathbb{R} Range: $y < 4$

<u>Exponential Growth Model</u> $y = a(1+r)^t$	<u>Exponential Decay Model</u> $y = a(1-r)^t$
<u>Compound Interest</u> $A = P\left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$	<u>Continuously Compounded Interest</u> $A = Pe^{rt}$

7. You purchase a new car for \$8,025. It depreciates at a rate of 18% per year. How much will your car be worth in 3 years?

→ decay

$$y = 8025(1 - 0.18)^3 = \boxed{\$4,424.73}$$

8. You put \$2,500 in a savings account with an interest rate of 4.2%. If interest is compounded daily and you never make any additional deposits or withdrawals, how much money will be in your account after 2 years?

regular compound interest

$$y = 2500\left(1 + \frac{.042}{365}\right)^{365 \cdot 2} = \boxed{\$2,719.06}$$

9. You deposit \$1500 in an account that pays 4.8% annual interest compounded continuously. What is the balance after 4 years?

→ A = Pe^{rt}

$$y = 1500e^{.048 \cdot 4} = \boxed{\$1817.51}$$

10. You deposit \$4600 in an account that pays .50% annual interest compounded continuously. What is the balance after 10 years?

→ A = Pe^{rt}

$$y = 4600e^{.005 \cdot 10} = \boxed{\$4835.85}$$

11. You purchase an antique truck for \$22,550. It appreciates at a rate of 3% per year. How much will your car be worth in 15 years?

→ growth

$$y = 22550(1 + .03)^{15} = \boxed{\$35,132.20}$$

12. You put \$12,000 in a savings account with an interest rate of 3.25%. If interest is compounded monthly and you never make any additional deposits or withdrawals, how much money will be in your account after 7 years?

$$y = 12000\left(1 + \frac{.0325}{12}\right)^{12 \cdot 7} = \boxed{\$15060.90}$$

(13-18) Evaluate the logarithm without using a calculator.

13. $\log_2 8$

$$2^{\square} = 8 \quad \boxed{3}$$

14. $\log_6 1$

$$6^{\square} = 1? \quad \boxed{0}$$

15. $\log_5 5$

$$5^{\square} = 5? \quad \boxed{1}$$

16. $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} 27$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\square} = 27 \quad \boxed{-3}$$

17. $\log_{625} 5$

$$625^{\square} = 5 \quad \boxed{\frac{1}{4}}$$

18. $\log_{\frac{1}{3}} 81$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{\square} = 81 \quad \boxed{-4}$$

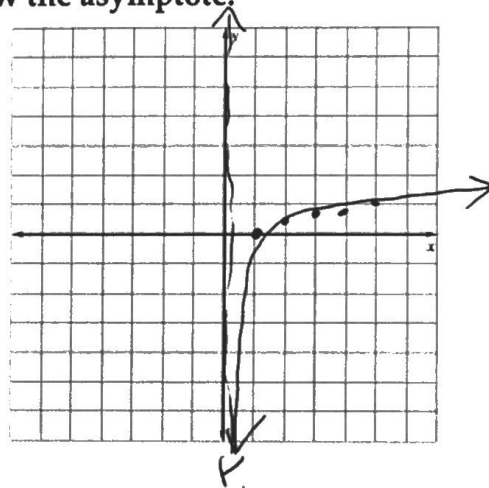
(19-20) Graph each function. State the domain and range and draw the asymptote.

19. $y = \log_5 x$

Domain: $x > 0$

Range: \mathbb{R}

x	y
1	0
2	0.43
3	0.68
4	0.86
5	1

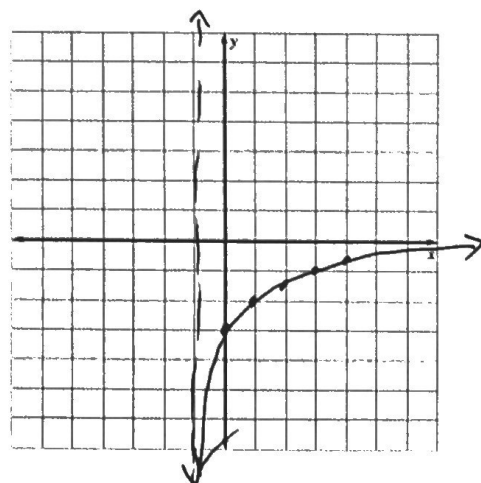


20. $y = \log_2(x+1) - 3$

Domain: $x > -1$

Range: \mathbb{R}

x	y
0	-3
1	-2
2	-1.42
3	-1
4	-0.7



(21-24) Find the inverse of the function.

21. $y = (0.4)^x$

$$x = (0.4)^y$$

$$\boxed{\log_{0.4} x = y}$$

22. $y = \log_8 x$

$$x = \log_8 y$$

$$\boxed{8^x = y}$$

23. $y = \ln(x-2)$

$$x = \ln(y-2)$$

$$x = \log_e(y-2)$$

$$e^x = y-2$$

$$\boxed{e^x + 2 = y}$$

24. $y = 6^x + 5$

$$x = 6^y + 5$$

$$x-5 = 6^y$$

$$\boxed{\log_6(x-5) = y}$$