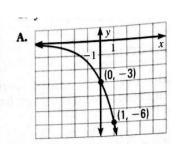
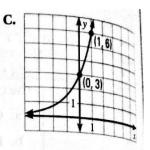
Match the function with its graph (1-3):

1.
$$y = 3 \cdot 2^x$$

2.
$$y = -3 \cdot 2^x$$

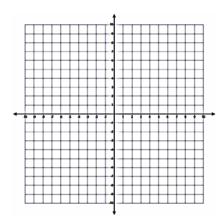
3.
$$y = 2 \cdot 3^x$$



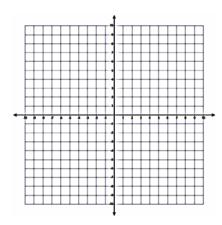


Graph the following functions and state the domain and range:

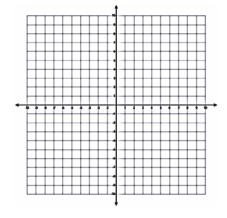
4.
$$y = 3^x$$



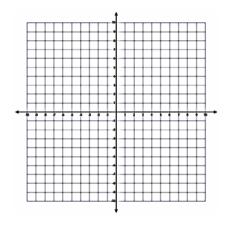
$$5. y = 5 \cdot 2^x$$



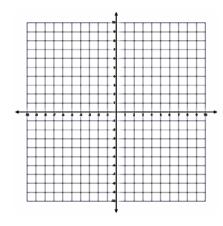
6.
$$y = 5 \cdot 4^x + 2$$

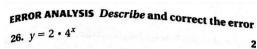


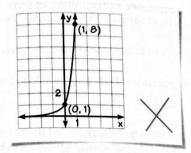
7.
$$y = 3^{x-2} - 1$$



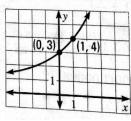
$$8. y = -3 \cdot 4^{x-1} - 2$$





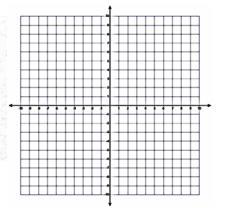


- **(A)** $f(x) = 2(1.5)^x 1$
- **B** $f(x) = 2(1.5)^x + 1$
- **©** $f(x) = 3(1.5)^x 1$
- **D** $f(x) = 3(1.5)^x + 1$



11. You deposit \$800 in an account that pays 2% annual interest compounded daily. Write an exponential growth model that describes the situation.

- BIKE COSTS You buy a new mountain bike for \$200. The value of the bike 12. decreases by 25% each year.
 - a. Write a model giving the mountain bike's value y (in dollars) after t years. Use the model to estimate the value of the bike after 3 years.
 - b. Graph the model.
 - c. Estimate when the value of the bike will be \$100.



Tell whether the function represents exponential growth or exponential decay (13-16):

13.
$$f(x) = 3\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^x$$
 14. $f(x) = 4\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^x$ 15. $f(x) = \frac{2}{7} \cdot 4^x$

14.
$$f(x) = 4\left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^x$$

15.
$$f(x) = \frac{2}{7} \cdot 4^x$$

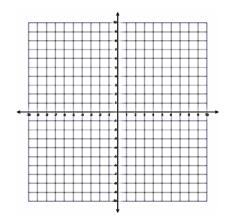
16.
$$f(x) = 25(0.25)^x$$

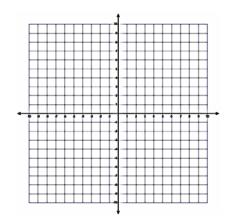
Graph the following functions and state the domain and range (17-19):

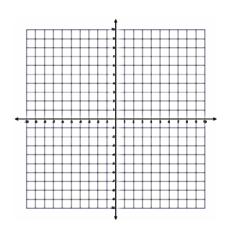
$$17. \quad y = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x$$

18.
$$y = -(0.2)^x$$

18.
$$y = -(0.2)^x$$
 19. $h(x) = -3\left(\frac{3}{8}\right)^x$





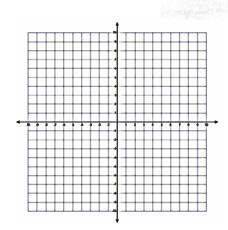


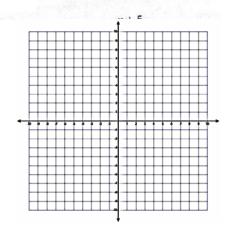
TRANSLATING GRAPHS Graph the function. State the domain and range.

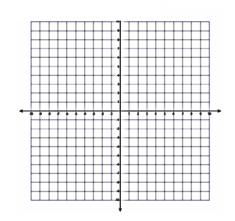
$$_{20.} \quad ' = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^x + 1$$

22.
$$y = 2\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{x+1} - 3$$

$$21. \quad y = 3(0.25)^x + 3$$







- 25. GRAPHING CALCULATOR Consider the exponential decay function $y = ab^{x-h} + k$ where a = 3, b = 0.4, h = 2, and k = -1. Predict the effect on the function's graph of each change in a, b, h, or k described in parts (a)–(d). Use a graphing calculator to check your prediction. b. b changes to 0.2
 - a. a changes to 4

c. h changes to 5

d. k changes to 3