

Review Chapter 1, Chapter 4, Polynomials, Chapter 9, and Chapter 6

Chapter 4 – Quadratic Functions & Factoring

1. Solve $x^2 - 9x + 8 = 0$

2. Solve $x^2 = 100$

3. Solve $2(x - 5)^2 = 128$

4. Solve $3x^2 - 48 = 0$

5. Factor $81x^2 - 36$

6. Factor $2x^3 - 10x^2 + 12x$

(7-9) Write the expression as a complex number in standard form.

7. $-5i(8 + 7i)$

8. $(2 - 12i) + (8 + 9i)$

9. $(3 + i)(10 + 7i)$

10. In the quadratic formula $x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$, $b^2 - 4ac$ is called the

11. What are all solutions of $x^2 + 8x - 4 = 0$?

12. Graph the function.

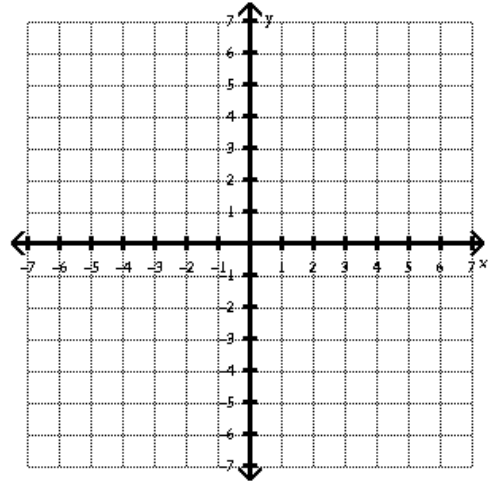
- What form is the equation in?
- Identify the Vertex
- Make a Table
- Write an equation for the axis of symmetry.

$$y = 2(x - 3)(x + 1)$$

a.)

b.)

c.)



d.)

x					
y					

Polynomials & Polynomial Functions

13. Simplify $\frac{4x^{-5}y^8}{16x^4y^{-5}}$

14. Simplify $\left(\frac{x^4}{y^{-4}}\right)^{-3}$

15. Perform the indicated operation.

$$(3x^3 + 7x^2 - 2x) - (2x^3 + 6x^2 - 1)$$

16. Perform the indicated operation.

$$(2x - 1)^3$$

17. Given polynomial $f(x)$ and a factor of $f(x)$, factor $f(x)$ completely. $f(x) = x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x - 12$; $x - 1$

18. Simplify $\frac{x^8 y^5}{x^5 y^{-5}}$

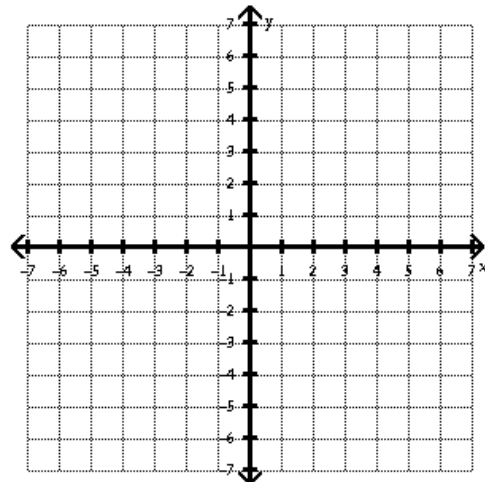
19. Find all real zeros of the function $x^3 + 9x^2 + 6x - 56$.

20. How many turning points does the function $y = 7x^3 + 3x^2 - 1$ have?

21. Simplify the expression $(-7a^2b^5c^3)^4$

22. Use synthetic division to evaluate $f(k) = 2k^3 + 5k^2 - 3k + 4$ divided by $(k+2)$

23. Graph the following function: $f(x) = -x^3 - 2x$



24. Write the polynomial function that has the zeros 2, -2, and 1, that has a leading coefficient of 1.

Chapter 6 – Rational Exponents & Radical Functions

(25-34), evaluate/simplify.

25. $16^{3/2}$

26. $(\sqrt[3]{8})^{-2}$

27. $\frac{1}{64^{-2/3}}$

28. $(5^{1/3} \cdot 7^{1/4})^3$

29. $\frac{6xy^{3/4}}{3x^{1/2}y^{1/2}}$

30. $\sqrt[6]{256}$

31. $\sqrt[4]{12x^2y^6z^{12}}$

32. $-7\sqrt[3]{y} + 16\sqrt[3]{y}$

33. $\sqrt{75} + \sqrt{108}$

34. $\frac{2}{3+\sqrt{5}}$

(35-38), let $f(x) = 2x + 12$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 1$. Perform the indicated operation.

35. $f(x) + g(x)$

36. $f(x) \cdot g(x)$

37. $f(g(x))$

38. $g(g(-1))$

(39-42), solve the equation.

39. $\sqrt{3x+10} = 8$

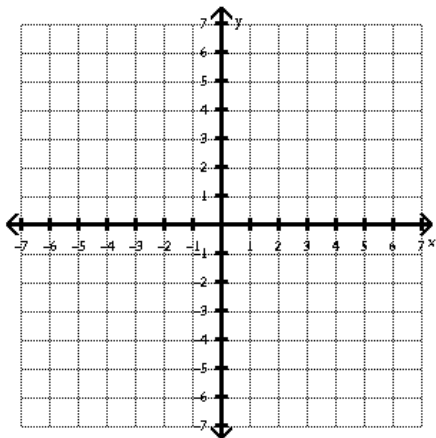
40. $3(16x)^{1/3} - 7 = 17$

41. $-4\sqrt[3]{x+10} + 3 = 15$

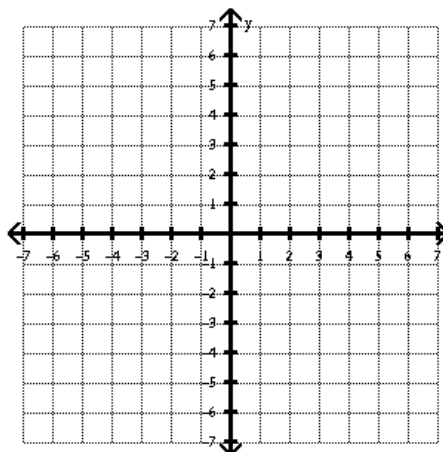
42. $x = \sqrt{4x-3}$

43. Graph the following functions:

a. $f(x) = \sqrt{x-1} + 3$



b. $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+3} - 2$

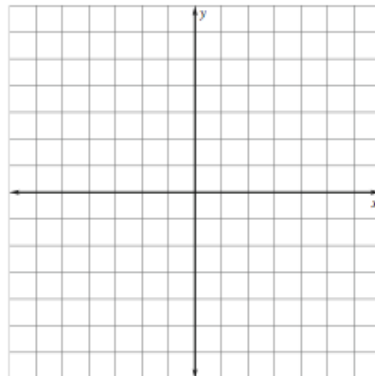
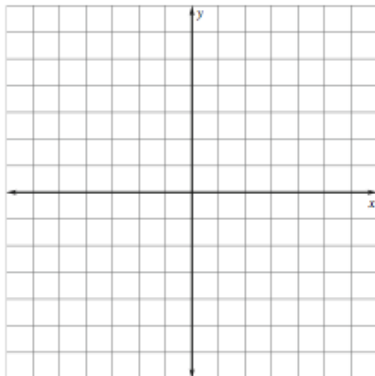


Chapter 9 – Conics: Circles and Parabolas

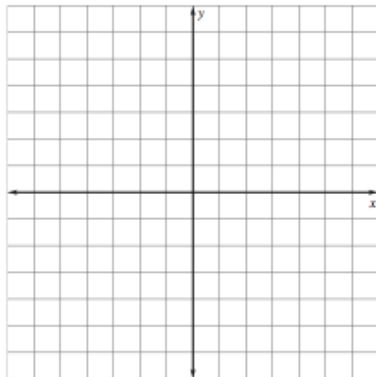
(44-47) Classify the conic section and write its equation in standard form. Then graph the equation and label key characteristics of the graph.

44. $x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 2y - 7 = 0$

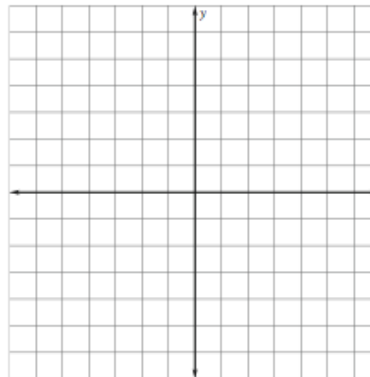
45. $x^2 + y^2 + 8x + 12y + 3 = 0$



46. $y^2 + 8y + 4x = 0$



47. $x^2 - 6x - 4y + 17 = 0$



48. Write the equation of a parabola with directrix $x=4$ and vertex $(0,0)$

49. Write the equation of a circle with center $(-3, 5)$ and radius 5.

(50-51), solve the system using substitution or elimination.

50. $x^2 + y^2 - 13 = 0$
 $y - x^2 + 1 = 0$

51. $y^2 = -2x$
 $y = x + 4$

52. This is not your only study tool! Go through past study guides of each chapter. You can find copies of each study guide at msklug.weebly.com under "Alg 2 Exam 1 Prep". Happy Studying! ☺